Approved For Relea

2002/05/06: CIA-RDP70S00385R00

FEB 7 1967

DOC Declassification/Release Instructions on File

Honorable Jenes Marvoy House of Representatives Washington, D. C.

STATINTL

Mar Mr. Marveys

This is in further response to your letter of January 20 to Secretary Connor concerning the proposed Export-Import Bank loan for maching tools to be seed in an automobile plant in the Soviet Union. The following comments are Esyed to the three specific questions in your letter.

- l. Secretary Connor approved of the proposed lose which to to finance purchases of up to \$50 million of U.S.-origin machine tools and other automobile manufacturing equipment for the PIAT plant to be built in the Soviet Union.
- The Department of Connerce has received a flot of the U.S.-origin automobile manufacturing equipment that the FIAT designers would like to install in the Soviet Union plant. Our technicians have examined the relatively brief descriptions of the equipment floted, and their preliminary finding is that the equipment is either epacially designed for or primarily employed in the production of automobiles. A few of the machine tools on the list, however, while normally used in the production of automobiles can also be used in the production of cutomobiles can also be used in the production of cutomobiles can also be used in the production of cutomobiles can also be apport of such machine tools to the Soviet Union would be cause for a particularly enterful apprainal.

Haveare & Commented?

In considering such license applications for Rastern Duropean destinations, the Department of Commerce analyzes a variety of factors before issuing licenses authorizing the export of the commodities involved. Among the factors we look at are the extent to which the particular equipment to used in automobile production; whather the equipment has important strategic applications; and the ovallability to the Soviet Union of comparable or nearly comparable equipment from countries other than the United States. We are award that some U. S. automobile production machinery is superior to any produced abroad. But we also know there are machineo decigned and built in Europe and Japan that are now being used to produce quality automobiles. If all U. S. machinary normally used in automobile production were denied to Eastern Europe, the USSR could still equip Ito new plant with non-U. S. machinery. In ouch event, the USSR might have a comewhat lead afflicient automobile plant, but the loop le esacide le cenes al sassillação ed blunce casase besiano ent es powerto and employment.

-2-

Your letter also raises the question whether it is "likely that other sources of Clanacial assistance can be utilized." Wille ald lo especial information on all aspects of this possible transaction, we believe that in wiew of the amount of financing involved, the tight money oftuation in the inited States, and the unusual character of the proposed transaction, other pources of financing are unlikely to be available in the United States without some form of Ex-im Bank participation. As for the evallability of financing from other countries, we are all nuara, of course, that many western European governmento assist the export financing of their own goods and pervices, usually by means of officially-backed export credit guarantees or insurance. Prom our observation of the performance of their esport financing systems, we expect that financing for comparablo European machinery for the FIAT plant could be obtained in Western Europo. In that event, the equipment would not, of ooursa, be of U. S. origin, although it might be sade from U. S. licensed dealgno. Even in this latter case there would probably be much less commercial and balance of payments advantages ods all od bluow crosts not a casate basing of the columns anulyment como directly from the called states and the caloo COM COOLOGO DY CAO ER-IG CAME.

alucough Londo

Laurenco A. Pon Dircebor

SRABrahamson 1490 2/2/67